LCO No. 2886

AN ACT CONCERNING DATA PRIVACY BREACHES.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

- 1 Section 1. Section 36a-701b of the general statutes, as amended by
- 2 section 231 of public act 19-117 and section 9 of public act 19-196, is
- 3 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (Effective October
- 4 1, 2021):
- 5 (a) For purposes of this section, (1) "breach of security" means
- unauthorized access to or unauthorized acquisition of electronic files, 6
- media, databases or computerized data, containing personal
- 8 information when access to the personal information has not been
- 9 secured by encryption or by any other method or technology that
- 10 renders the personal information unreadable or unusable; and (2)
- 11 "personal information" means (A) an individual's first name or first
- 12 initial and last name in combination with any one, or more, of the
- 13 following data: [(A)] (i) Social Security number; (ii) individual taxpayer
- 14 identification number; (iii) identity protection personal identification
- number issued by the IRS; [(B)] (iv) driver's license number, [or] state 15
- 16 identification card number, passport number, military identification
- 17 number, or other identification number issued by the government that
- 18 is used to verify identity; [(C)] (v) credit or debit card number; [or (D)]
- 19 (vi) financial account number in combination with any required security
- 20 code, access code or password that would permit access to such
- 21 financial account; (vii) medical information, regarding an individual's
- 22 medical history, mental or physical condition, or medical treatment or
- 23 diagnosis by a health care professional; (viii) health insurance policy

number or subscriber identification number, or any unique identifier used by a health insurer to identify the individual; or (ix) biometric information consisting of data generated by electronic measurements of an individual's unique physical characteristics and used to authenticate or ascertain the individual's identity, such as a fingerprint, voice print, retina or iris image; and (B) user name or electronic mail address, in combination with a password or security question and answer that would permit access to an online account. "Personal information" does not include publicly available information that is lawfully made available to the general public from federal, state or local government records or widely distributed media.

- (b) (1) Any person who [conducts business in this state, and who, in the ordinary course of such person's business,] owns, licenses or maintains computerized data that includes personal information, shall provide notice of any breach of security following the discovery of the breach to any resident of this state whose personal information was breached or is reasonably believed to have been breached. Such notice shall be made without unreasonable delay but not later than [ninety] sixty days after the discovery of such breach, unless a shorter time is required under federal law, subject to the provisions of subsection (d) of this section and the completion of an investigation by such person to determine the nature and scope of the incident, to identify the individuals affected, or to restore the reasonable integrity of the data system. Such notification shall not be required if, after an appropriate investigation, [and consultation with relevant federal, state and local agencies responsible for law enforcement, the person reasonably determines that the breach will not likely result in harm to the individuals whose personal information has been acquired [and] or accessed.
- 53 (2) If notice of a breach of security is required by subdivision (1) of 54 this subsection:
 - (A) The person who [conducts business in this state, and who, in the ordinary course of such person's business, owns, licenses or maintains

24

25

26 27

28

29

30

31

32

33

34

35

36

37

38

39

40

41

42

43

44

45

46

47

48

49

50

51

52

55

- (B) The person who [conducts business in this state, and who, in the ordinary course of such person's business,] owns or licenses computerized data that includes personal information, shall offer to each resident whose [nonpublic] <u>personal</u> information under [subparagraph (B)(i) of subdivision (9) of subsection (b) of section 38a-38 or personal information as defined in] <u>clause (i) or (ii) of</u> subparagraph (A) of subdivision (2) of subsection (a) of this section was breached or is reasonably believed to have been breached, appropriate identity theft prevention services and, if applicable, identity theft mitigation services. Such service or services shall be provided at no cost to such resident for a period of not less than twenty-four months. Such person shall provide all information necessary for such resident to enroll in such service or services and shall include information on how such resident can place a credit freeze on such resident's credit file.
- (c) Any person that maintains computerized data that includes personal information that the person does not own shall notify the owner or licensee of the information of any breach of the security of the data immediately following its discovery, if the personal information of a resident of this state was breached or is reasonably believed to have been breached.
- (d) Any notification required by this section shall be delayed for a reasonable period of time if a law enforcement agency determines that the notification will impede a criminal investigation and such law enforcement agency has made a request that the notification be delayed. Any such delayed notification shall be made after such law enforcement agency determines that notification will not compromise the criminal investigation and so notifies the person of such determination.
- (e) Any notice to a resident, owner or licensee required by the provisions of this section may be provided by one of the following methods, subject to the provisions of subsection (f) of this section: (1)

Written notice; (2) telephone notice; (3) electronic notice, provided such notice is consistent with the provisions regarding electronic records and signatures set forth in 15 USC 7001; (4) substitute notice, provided such person demonstrates that the cost of providing notice in accordance with subdivision (1), (2) or (3) of this subsection would exceed two hundred fifty thousand dollars, that the affected class of subject persons to be notified exceeds five hundred thousand persons or that the person does not have sufficient contact information. Substitute notice shall consist of the following: (A) Electronic mail notice when the person has an electronic mail address for the affected persons; (B) conspicuous posting of the notice on the web site of the person if the person maintains one; and (C) notification to major state-wide media, including newspapers, radio and television.

- (f) (1) In the event of a breach of login credentials under subparagraph (B) of subdivision (2) of subsection (a) of this section, notice to a resident may be provided in electronic or other form that directs the resident whose personal information was breached or is reasonably believed to have been breached to promptly change any password and security question or answer, as applicable, or to take other appropriate steps to protect the online account with the person and all other online accounts for which the resident uses the same user name or electronic mail address and password to security question or answer.
- (2) Any person that furnishes an electronic mail account shall not comply with this section by providing notification to the electronic mail account that was breached or reasonably believed to have been breached. The person shall provide notice by another method described in this section or by clear and conspicuous notice delivered to the resident online when the resident is connected to the online account from an Internet Protocol address or online location from which the person knows the resident customarily accesses the account.
- [(f)] (g) Any person that maintains such person's own security breach procedures as part of an information security policy for the treatment of

personal information and otherwise complies with the timing 123 124 requirements of this section, shall be deemed to be in compliance with 125 the security breach notification requirements of this section, provided 126 such person notifies, as applicable, residents of this state, owners and licensees in accordance with such person's policies in the event of a 127 128 breach of security and in the case of notice to a resident, such person 129 also notifies the Attorney General not later than the time when notice is 130 provided to the resident. Any person that maintains such a security 131 breach procedure pursuant to the rules, regulations, procedures or 132 guidelines established by the primary or functional regulator, as defined 133 in 15 USC 6809(2), shall be deemed to be in compliance with the security 134 breach notification requirements of this section, provided (1) such 135 person notifies, as applicable, such residents of this state, owners, and 136 licensees required to be notified under and in accordance with the 137 policies or the rules, regulations, procedures or guidelines established 138 by the primary or functional regulator in the event of a breach of 139 security, and (2) if notice is given to a resident of this state in accordance 140 with subdivision (1) of this subsection regarding a breach of security, 141 such person also notifies the Attorney General not later than the time 142 when notice is provided to the resident.

(h) Any person that is subject to and in compliance with the privacy and security standards under the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 and the Health Information Technology for Economic and Clinical Health Act shall be deemed to be in compliance with the provisions of this section, provided (1) any person required to provide notification to residents of this state pursuant to the Health Information Technology for Economic and Clinical Health Act shall also provide notice to the Attorney General not later than the time when notice is provided to such residents, and (2) the person otherwise complies with the requirements of subparagraph (B) of subdivision (2) of subsection (b) of this section.

[(g)] (i) Failure to comply with the requirements of this section shall constitute an unfair trade practice for purposes of section 42-110b and shall be enforced by the Attorney General.

143

144

145

146

147

148 149

150

151

152

153

154

155

1	27	
•	.)/	

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following	
sections:	

Section 1	October 1, 2021	36a-701b